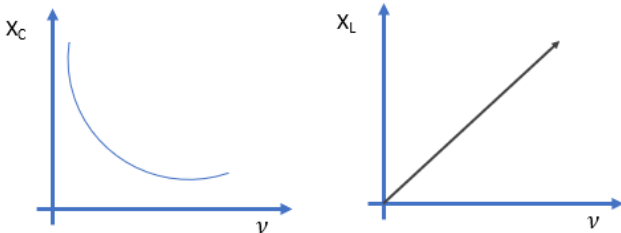
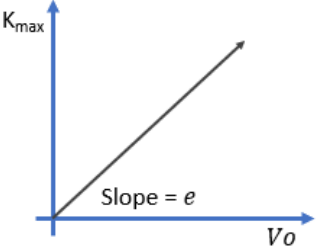


INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR

DEPARTMENT OF SCIENCE 2020-21

Marking scheme Subject: Physics (042)

SECTION-A

1	$[M^{-1}L^{-3}T^4A^2]$	1
2	ZERO Or 0.711 microfarad	1
3	0.4% , $R = \rho l/A = \rho l^2/Al = \rho l^2/V$, $R \propto l^2$	1/2+1/2
4	Having infinite resistance, Or $[B] = [ML^0T^{-2}A^{-1}]$	1
5	Definition + $M = m(2l)$	1/2+1/2
6	$e = M di/dt$, $e = 7.5 \times 10^3 V$	1/2+1/2
7	No, increases as $Z = \sqrt{R^2 + (\omega L)^2}$ Or 	1/2+1/2
8	It carries energy and momentum.	1/2+1/2
9	$\lambda' = \lambda/\mu = 4000\text{\AA}$, $f' = f = c/\lambda = 5 \times 10^{14} \text{ Hz}$ Or plane	1/2+1/2 Or 1
10		1
11	c	1
12	d	1
13	a	1
14	d	1

SECTION-B

15	(i) a	1
	(ii) b	1
	(iii) a	1
	(iv) c	1
	(v) c	
16	(i) d	1
	(ii) a	1
	(iii) c	1
	(iv) b	1
	(v) a	

SECTION-C

17	$B = \lambda D/d = 0.5 \text{ mm}$	1+1
18	$I_R = I_1 + I_2 + 2\sqrt{I_1 I_2} \cos\phi$	1
	(i) $4I_0$	$\frac{1}{2}$
	(ii) 0	$\frac{1}{2}$
19.	$\mu = c/v = 1/\sin C$ $v = c \sin C = 1.5 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}$ Or For medium R, because angle of refraction is minimum, μ is maximum and speed is minimum.	1+1
20	Using formula $e = V = W/q = [ML^2T^{-3}A^{-1}]$ And, rate of change of flux = $d\phi/dt = BA/t = FA/qvt = [ML^2T^{-3}A^{-1}]$ Or (i) Self-inductance and mutual inductance (ii) self-inductance of a coil which induces unit volt of emf when rate of change in current is 1 amp/sec.	1+1
21	At the point of intersection, two tangents are obtained, not possible. Or Each diagram 1 mark	1+1
22	Each graph 1 mark	
23.	$F = qvB \sin\theta$	
	(i) $\theta = 0$	
	(ii) $\theta = 90$	
24	$M = niA$ Direction depends on current (north to south polarity) $[AL^2]$	
25.	$M = IA = 9 \times 10^{-3} \text{ Am}^2$. Perpendicular to the plane away from the observer.	

SECTION-D

26	Statement of ohm's law Two different formula of drift velocity Comparing and proved.	1 1 1
27	Faradays 2nd experiment, diagram and explanation. Or $e = Blv$ $e = 0.21V$	1+1+1
28	$\tan\phi = V_L - V_C / V_R = 0$ $\phi = 0$	1+1+1
29	Definition of threshold frequency Definition of cut-off potential So that is can apply retarding force on photoelectrons in order to approach zero current. Or Each graph and slope	1+1+1 1.5+1.5
30	$Mv^2/r = Kq^2/r^2$ and $mvr = nh/2\pi$ $R = 0.53\text{\AA}$.	

SECTION-E

31	B, as $C = q/v$ Equipotential surfaces diagram Negative charge and diagram Or Graphs Proof And energy density	1+2+2
32	Faraday's law Lenz's law and comparison with mechanical work proof of $e = Blv$ Or Theory Construction Working Diagram Graphical representation of changing the flux and induced voltage	1+2+2
33	(a) Definition of wavefront Types of wavefront with diagram Proof of reflection or reflection on basis of wave theory. Or Three different diagrams after reflection/refraction. Find λ using, $\lambda = c/v$ Using $B = \lambda D/d$, $d = \lambda D/B = 1\text{mm}$.	1+2+2