

## INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR SOCIAL SCIENCE (CODE: 087) PEACTICE PAPER :2020-21

Class: X Date: 15 -12-2020 General Instructions: - Max: Marks: 80 Time: 3 Hours

*i.* Question paper comprises five Sections – *A*, *B*, *C*, *D* and *E*. There are **32** questions in the question paper. All questions are compulsory.

*ii.* Section A – Question no. **1 to 16** are Objective Type Questions of **1 mark** each.

*iii*. Section B – Question no. **17 to 22** are short answer type questions, carrying **3 marks** each. Answer to each question should **not exceed 80 words**.

*iv.* Section C – Question no. 23 to 26 are source-based questions, carrying 4 marks each.

**v**. Section D – Question no. **27 to 31** are long answer type questions, carrying **5 marks** each. Answer to each question should **not exceed 120 words**.

vi. Section E – Question no. 32 is map based, carrying 5 marks with two parts, 32.1 from History

## (2 marks) and 32.2 from Geography (3 marks).

*vii.* There is no overall choice in the question paper. However, an internal choice has been provided in few questions. Only one of the choices in such questions have to be attempted.

*viii*. In addition to this, separate instructions are given with each section and question, wherever necessary.

	SECTION - A 1X16 =16	
1	Identify the correct statement with regard to 'nation state' from the following options.	1 Mark
	<ul> <li>A. The people often spoke different languages and belonged to different ethnic groups.</li> </ul>	
	B. A centralized power exercised sovereign control over a clearly defined territory.	
	C. Majority of citizens came to develop a sense of common identity and shared territory.	
	D. A system with multi-national dynastic empires.	
2	Which of the following treaty is related to the defeat of Napoleon?	1 Mark
	A. Treaty of Sevres	
	B. Treaty of Versailles	
	C. Treaty of Vienna	
	D. Treaty of Constantinople	
3	Which of the following is associated with 'militant guerrilla movement'?	1 Mark
	A. Awadh peasants	
	B. Plantation workers	
	C. Tribal peasants	
	D. Civil Disobedience Movement	

4	Fill in the bla	nk:							1 Mark
	Potential Res	ources are	the example	es of the res	ources whic	h are fou	nd in a regio	n, but	
	have not bee	n	<u>.</u>						
				OR					
		soil is well	known for i	ts capacity t	o hold mois	sture.			
5	Which one of		ing is the thi	rd most imp	portant food	crop of	India both in	area	1 Mark
	and production								
	A. Whea	t							
	B. Rice								
	C. Maize								
_	D. Jowar			(					
6	Which of the	-	-			omies' ?			1 Mark
			e advantage		enters				
			tries of rura						
			stries operat		ucers and su	ippliers			
7	Identify the t		nits for over		following f	aturos			1 Mark
· ·			ed on small j	-	-	eatures.			INIDIK
	•	-	tensive farm						
			mitive tools	-					
		-	nt on Monsc						
		-	Slash and b		ture				
8	Explain Rubb					ls.			1/2+1/2
U	A. Rainfa				iowing neue				=1 Mark
		icing states.							1
9	In India,			political pa	rties.				1 Mark
	A. The P								
	B. The P	rime Minist	er						
	C. The El	lection Com	nmission						
	D. Rajya	Sabha							
10	Define the te	rm 'Ethnic'.							1 Mark
				OR					
	Define 'Majo								
11	Name the sys	stem which	-		evels of gov	ernment.			1 Mark
			0						
	Which local b								
12	Read the give	en data and	find out wh	ich country	has most ed	quitable c	listribution of	t	1 Mark
	income.		Manthle						
	Countries	Citizens I			Citizens in fo	1			
		Citizen I	Citizen II	Citizen III	Citizen IV	Citizen	Average		
	Country	700	5000	750	800	V 10000	3450		
	Country A	2000	3000	1500	50000	10000	11500		
	Country B Country C	3000	4000	3500	4500	5000	4000		
	Country D	5000	800	900	15000	5000	4000		
1		5000	000	500	1 1 2 0 0 0	1,000			1

	A. Country A	
	B. Country B	
	C. Country C	
	D. Country D	
13	Read the information given below and select the correct option -	1 Mark
	Swapna, a small farmer, grows groundnut on her three acres of land. She takes a loan from the moneylender to meet the expenses of cultivation, hoping that her harvest would help repay the loan. Midway through the season the crop is hit by pests and the crop fails. Though Swapna sprays her crops with expensive pesticides, it makes little difference. She is unable to repay the moneylender and the debt grows over the year into a large amount. Next year, Swapna takes a fresh loan for cultivation. It is a normal crop this year. But the earnings are not enough to cover the old loan. She is caught in debt. She has to sell a part of the land to pay off the debt. The passage given above relates to which of the following options? A. Collateral credit B. Credit recovery is very painful	
	C. Failure of crops	
	D. Credit is somewhere beneficial	
	OR	
	The above passage is an example of	
	A. Collateral loan	
	B. Borrower's loan	
	C. Debt-trap D. Informal loan credit	
14	If industrialists want more dams then why do local people resist it?	1 Mark
14	A. They will be displaced	INUIR
	B. Their land will be submerged.	
	C. There will be no source of earnings for them.	
	D. All of the above.	
15	The per-capita income of different countries is counted in which currency?	1 Mark
	A. Rupees	
	B. Pounds	
	C. US Dollars	
	D. Canadian Dollars	
16	In the question given below, there are two statements marked as Assertion (A) and	1 Mark
	Reason (R): Read the statements and choose the correct option:	
	Assertion (A): The modern currency is used as a medium of exchange; however, it	
	doesn't have a use of its own.	
	Reason (R): Modern currency is easy to carry.	
	Options:	
	A. Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.	
	B. Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A.	
	C. A is true but R is false.	
	D. A is false but R is true.	

	SECTION – B (3X6=18)	
17	"Swaraj Party was formed in 1922". State reasons.	3 Marks
18	How had the female figures become an allegory of the nation during nineteenth century in Europe? Analyze.	3 Marks
	OR	
	Explain any three causes of conflict in the 'Balkan area' after 1871.	
19	List the problems caused due to indiscriminate use of resources by human beings.	3 Marks
20	'No party system is ideal for all the countries in all the situations.' Justify the statement. OR	3 Marks
	"Modern democracies can't exist without political parties". Do you agree? Justify.	
21	"There are several things needed by the society as a whole". In the light of this statement explain as to who can provide them at a reasonable cost, the private or the public sector and why?	3 Marks
22	Rohan works in a bank as a clerk while Sumit works on a construction site as a labourer. Describe the difference in their conditions of work and judge the benefits and drawbacks of working in the respective sectors.	3 Marks
	SECTION – C (4x4=16)	
23	Read the source given below and answer the questions that follows: In 1848, Frederic Sorrieu, a French artist, prepared a series of four prints visualizing his dream of a world made up of 'democratic and social Republics', as he called them. The first print of the series, shows the peoples of Europe and America – men and women of all ages and social classes – marching in a long train, and offering homage to the statue of Liberty as they pass by it. As you would recall, artists of the time of the French Revolution personified Liberty as a female figure – here you can recognize the torch of Enlightenment she bears in one hand and the Charter of the Rights of Man in the other. On the earth in the foreground of the image lie the shattered remains of the symbols of absolutist institutions. In Sorrieu utopian vision, the peoples of the world are grouped as distinct nations, identified through their flags and national costume.	4 Marks
	Answer the following MCQs by choosing the most appropriate option.23.1. In History the term 'absolutism' refers to what?(1)A. Democratic rule.B. Monarchial rule.C. Presidential rule.D. Military rule.23.2What type of conservative regimes were set up in 1815 in Europe?(1)A. Autocratic.B. Democratic.C. Aristocratic.D. Dictatorial.	

23.3. Identify the French artist who prepared a series of four prints visualizing his dream of a world from the following: (1)         A. Kitagewa Utamaro         B. Richard M Hoe         C. Voltaire         D. Frederic Sorrieu         23.4. A 'Utopian Society' is (1)         A. a society under a benevolent monarchy         B. a society under benevolent monarchy         B. a society under Parliamentary Democracy         24         Read the text given below and answer the following questions.         Agriculture and industry are not exclusive of each other. They move hand in hand. For instance, the agro-industries in India have given a major boost to agriculture by raising its productivity. Production and consumption of steel is often regarded as the index of a country's development. Iron and steel is a heavy industry because all the raw materials as well as finished goods are heavy and bulky entailing heavy transportation costs. Iron ore, coking coal and lime stone are required in the ratio of approximately 4: 2: 1. Some quantities of manganese, are also required to harden the steel. Where should the steel plants be ideally located? Remember that the finished products also need an efficient transport network for their distribution to the markets and consumers.         Angro based         B. Minieral based         C. Business based         D. Textile based         24.2. Identify which industry match with the following characteristics – (1)         Industry       Characteristics         a. Mini steel plants		23.3 Identify the French artist who pren	ared a series of four prints visualizing his drea	m
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B. Richard M Hoe       C. Voitaire         D. Frederic Sorrieu       23.4. A 'Utopian Society' is       (1)         A. a society under a benevolent monarchy       B. a society that is unlikely to ever exist       (1)         C. a society under the control of a dictator       D. a society under Parliamentary Democracy       4 Mark         24       Read the text given below and answer the following questions.       4 Mark         Agriculture and industry are not exclusive of each other. They move hand in hand. For instance, the agro-industries in India have given a major boost to agriculture by traising its productivity. Production and consumption of steel is often regarded as the index of a country's development. Iron and steel is a heavy industry because all the raw materials as well as finished goods are heavy and bulky entailing heavy transportation costs. Iron ore, coking coal and lime stone are required in the ratio of approximately 4: 2: 1. Some quantities of manganese, are also required to harden the steel. Where should the steel plants be ideally located? Remember that the finished products also need an efficient transport network for their distribution to the markets and consumers.       10         Answer the following:       24. I. Processing of jute and rubber falls under which of the following industries? (1)       A. Agro based         B. Mineral based       C. Business based       1. Owned and operated by the producers or suppliers of raw materials, workers or both.       1. Mineral based         24.2. Identify which industry match with the following in one complex from putting toggether raw material to steelmaking, rolling and sha		-	(±)	
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		C. a-2, b-3, c-1, d-2		
D. a-4, b-1, c-4, d-3		D. a-4, b-1, c-4, d-3		

		1
	24.3. "Chotanagpur plateau region has the maximum concentration of iron and steel	
	industry." Justify the statement with two suitable examples. (1)	
	24.4. The strength of a country in measured by the	
	development of an industry. (1)	
	A. Primary	
	B. Secondary	
	C. Tertiary	
	D. Economic	
25	Read the given extract and answer the following questions: -	4 Marks
	Belgium is a small country in Europe smaller in area than the state of Haryana. It has	
	population of little over one crore, about half population of Haryana. The ethnic	
	composition of this small country is complex. Of the country's population, 59% lives in	
	the Flemish region speaks Dutch language, 40% people live in the Wallonia region speaks	
	French and remaining 1% of Belgians speaks German. In the capital city Brussels, 80%	
	people speak French and 20% are Dutch speaking. The minority French speaking	
	community is relatively rich and powerful. This was resented by the Dutch speaking	
	community who got the benefit of economic development and education much later.	
	This led to the tension between the Dutch speaking and French speaking communities	
	during the 1950s and 60s. The tension between the two communities were acute in the	
	capital Brussels. It presented a special problem, the Dutch speaking people constitutes	
	majority in the country, but a minority in the capital.	
	Answer the following MCQs by choosing the most appropriate option.	
	25.1. The ethnic composition of Belgium is (1)	
	A. highly competitive	
	B. complex	
	C. complete	
	D. fragile	
	25.2. Which language people are considered as minority in Belgium? (1)	
	A. Dutch speaking people	
	B. German speaking people	
	C. French speaking people.	
	D. None of these.	
	25.3. Correct the statement and rewrite it. (1)	
	In the capital city Brussel, the percentage of Dutch speaking people is more than the	
	French speaking people.	
	A. Both languages spoken people share equal percentage.	
	B. French people are more than Dutch people.	
	C. Both language speaking people are minorities.	
	D. None of the above.	
	25.4. This was resented by the Dutch speaking community who (1)	
	A. got the benefit of economic development and education much later.	
	B. Were forbidden by the Belgian government.	
	C. got all benefits much earlier	
	D. None of these	
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26	Read the source given below and answer the following questions –	4 Marks
	In recent years, people have tried out some newer ways of providing loans to the poor.	
	The idea is to organise rural poor, in particular women, into small Self-Help Groups	
	(SHGs) and pool (collect) their savings. A typical SHG has 15-20	
	members, usually belonging to one neighbourhood, who meet and save regularly. Saving	
	per member varies from Rs 25 to Rs 100 or more, depending on the ability of the people	
	to save. Members can take small loans from the group itself to meet their needs. The	
	group charges interest on these loans but this is still less than what the moneylender	
	charges. After a year or two, if the group is regular in savings, it becomes eligible for	
	availing loan from the bank.	
	Answer the following MCQs by choosing the most appropriate option:-	
	26.1. Which of the following statements is correct about Self-Help Groups? (1)	
	A. The SHGs help borrowers overcome the problem of lack of collateral.	
	B. The SHGs are the building blocks of organisation of the rural poor.	
	C. The SHGs is the group which is not responsible for the repayment of the loan.	
	D. Both A and B.	
	26.2. Which among the following is the basic idea behind the SHGs for poor? (1)	
	A. Help to reduce the functioning of informal sectors of credit.	
	B. Help to reduce the functioning of formal sectors of credit.	
	C. Help the men to become self-reliant.	
	D. Organise urban poor people particularly women.	
	26.3. Which of the following options signifies the definition of SHGs? (1)	
	A. It is the small groups of 15-20 members.	
	B. It is mostly active in rural areas especially women for the improvement of their	
	economic and social conditions.	
	C. It is able to create self-employment opportunities for the members.	
	D. All of the above.	
	26.4. Which of the following is the reason for the banks willing to provide credit to the	
	Self-Help Groups without collateral? (1)	
	A. SHGs used to be regular in savings.	
	B. The group decides the loan activities and any case of non-repayment of the loan is	
	taken seriously by the group members.	
	C. This group helps the poor rural women to become economically self-reliant and	
	women empowerment.	
	D. All of the above.	
	SECTION – D (5x5=25)	
27	How did the Non-Cooperation Movement spread in cities across the country? Explain its	5 Marks
	effects on the economic front.	
	OR	
	Explain the meaning and notion of 'Swaraj' as perceived by the plantation workers. How	
	did they respond to the call of 'the Non – Cooperation movement'?	
28	India has one of the largest road networks in the world, aggregating to about 54.7 lakh	5 Marks
	km at present. On what basis roadways have taken an edge over railways? Explain.	
	OR	

	"Tourism in India has grown substantially over the last three decades." In light of the	
	given statement explain the role of tourism in India in the current times.	
29	Explain the challenges faced by the political parties.	5 Marks
30	Explain the features which makes India a Federal country.	5 Marks
31	Why should credit at reasonable rates from the banks and cooperatives be available for	5 Marks
	all? Suggest an alternative source that you think is best for the rural poor.	
	OR CONTRACTOR	
	What is credit? Compare and contrast the two categories of sources of credit.	
	SECTION - E	
	MAP SKILL BASED QUESTION (2+3=5)	
32.1.	On the outline map of India, locate and label the following.	2 Marks
	(A) The Congress session which took the resolution of Poorna Swaraj.	
	(B) The place where the Indigo-Plantation strike observed.	
32.2	On the same outline map of India, locate and label <b>any three</b> of the following with suitable Symbols.	3 Marks
	(c) Democratic democratic Democratic	
	(a) Ramagundam Thermal Power Plant	
	(b) Gandhinagar - Software Technology Park	
	(c) Salem- Iron and Steel industry	
	(d) Kalpakkam- Nuclear Power Plant	
	(e) Major producer state of Jute	