## COMMON PRE-BOARD EXAMINATION 2023-24

COMPUTER SCIENCE (083)

Date:14/03/2024
Class: XII

Time Allowed: 3 hours
Maximum Marks: 70

## General Instructions:

1. Please check this question paper contains 35 questions.
2. The paper is divided into 4 Sections- $A, B, C, D$ and $E$.
3. Section $A$, consists of 18 questions (1 to 18). Each question carries 1 Mark.
4. Section B, consists of 7 questions (19 to 25). Each question carries 2 Marks.
5. Section C, consists of 5 questions ( 26 to 30). Each question carries 3 Marks.
6. Section D, consists of 2 questions ( 31 to 32 ). Each question carries 4 Marks.
7. Section E, consists of 3 questions ( 33 to 35 ). Each question carries 5 Marks.
8. All programming questions are to be answered using Python Language only.

| Q. | SECTION A | Marks |
| :---: | :--- | :---: |
| 1. | State True or False <br> "Python language is a Cross platform language." | 1 |
| 2. | Which of the following is an identity operator in Python? <br> a. is <br> b. on <br> c. in <br> d. of | 1 |
| 3. | What will be the output of the following statement? <br> print(2*3 + (5 + 6)**(1 + 1)) |  |
| 4. | a. 129 <br> b. 8 <br> c. 121 <br> d. None |  |
| For a function header as follows, |  |  |
| Which of the following function calls will give an error? |  |  |$\quad$| We20 : |
| :--- |
| a. Calc(15, 25) |
| b. Calc(x=15, y=25) |
| c. Calc(y=25) |
| d. Calc(x=25) |$\quad$| Which type of join is the following SQL statement? |
| :--- |
| SELECT customer.cust_id, order.cust_id, name, order_id FROM |


|  | customer, order; <br> a. Equi-join <br> b. Natural join <br> c. Outer join <br> d. Cartesian product |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6 | Which of the following statements is True about joins in SQL? <br> a. In natural join query the join condition has to be mention. <br> b. In cartesian product, the degree of the resultant table is equal to the sum of the degree of table1 and the degree of table2. <br> c. In equi-join, the resultant table will not have duplicate columns. <br> d. In cartesian product, the cardinality of the resultant table is equal to the sum of the cardinality of table1 and the cardinality of table2. | 1 |
| 7. | Consider the statements given below and then choose the correct output from the given options: <br> L=["Every", "day", "is", "a" ,"second" ,"chance"] print(L[:-3:]) <br> a. ['a', 'second', 'chance'] <br> b. ['chance', 'second', 'a'] <br> c. ['Every', 'day', 'is'] <br> d. ['is', 'day', 'Every'] | 1 |
| 8. | Consider the statements given below and then choose the correct output from the given options: <br> S="Technology Fest@2023" <br> print(S[3:-3:3]) <br> a. $\operatorname{cog} \mathrm{Ft}$ <br> b. OtFgo <br> c. hlye@ <br> d. hlye@0 | 1 |
| 9. | Which of the following statement(s) would give an error after executing the following code? <br> a. Statement 2 <br> b. Statement 3 <br> c. Statement 4 <br> d. Statement 3 and 4 | 1 |
| 10. | seek() is a method of | 1 |


|  | a. File object <br> b. csv module <br> c. pickle module <br> d. math module |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 11. | The modem at the receiver's computer end acts as a $\qquad$ <br> a. Translator <br> b. Modulator <br> c. Demodulator <br> d. Converter | 1 |
| 12. | Which of the following file mode will make the file zero length while opening? <br> a. ab <br> b. wb <br> c. rb <br> d. None of these | 1 |
| 13. | What possible outputs(s) are expected to be displayed on screen at the time of execution of the following code? <br> import random <br> $A R=[20,30,40,50,60,70]$ <br> Lower =random.randint(1,3) <br> Upper =random.randint(2,4) <br> for K in range(Lower, Upper +1): print (AR[K], end="\#") <br> a. 20\#40\#70\# <br> b. 30\#40\#50\# <br> c. $50 \# 60 \# 70 \#$ <br> d. $40 \# 50 \# 60 \#$ | 1 |
| 14. | Which of the following commands will change row(s) of the table from MySQL database? <br> a. REPLACE TABLE <br> b. CHANGE TABLE <br> c. UPDATE <br> d. ALTER TABLE | 1 |
| 15 | A $\qquad$ is a networking device that connects computers in a network by using packet switching to receive, and forward data to the destination. <br> a. Switch <br> b. Hub <br> c. Router <br> d. Repeater | 1 |
| 16 | Ms. Suman is working on a binary file and wants to write data from a list to a binary file. Consider list object as $L$, binary file sum_list.dat, and file object as $f$. Which of the following can be the correct statement for her? <br> a. $\mathrm{f}=\mathrm{open}($ 'sum_list.dat','wb'); pickle.dump(L,f) <br> b. $\mathrm{f}=\mathrm{open}$ ('sum_list.dat','rb'); $\mathrm{L}=$ pickle.dump(f) <br> c. $\mathrm{f}=\mathrm{open}($ 'sum_list.dat','wb'); pickle.load(L,f) <br> d. $\mathrm{f}=$ open('sum_list.dat','rb'); L=pickle.load(f) | 1 |

Q17 and 18 are ASSERTION AND REASONING based questions. Mark the correct choice as
a) Both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is the correct explanation for $A$.
b) Both $A$ and $R$ are true and $R$ is not the correct explanation for $A$.
c) $A$ is True but $R$ is False.
d) $A$ is False but $R$ is True.

| 17 | Assertion (A):- print(f1( )) is a valid statement even if the function f1( ) has no return statement. <br> Reasoning (R):- A function always returns a value even if it has no return statement. | 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 18 | Assertion (A): If $L$ is a list, then L+=range(5) is an invalid statement. Reason (R): Only a list can be concatenated to a list. | 1 |
|  | SECTION B |  |
| 19 | Expand HTML and XML. Write differences between HTML and XML. OR <br> Expand SMTP and POP. Write differences between SMTP and POP | 2 |
| 20 | Mohit has written a code to input a positive integer and display its factorial. His code is having syntax and logical errors. Rewrite the correct code and underline the corrections made. (factorial of a number n is the product $1 \times 2 \times 3 . \ldots \mathrm{n}$ ) $\mathrm{n}=$ (input("Enter a positive integer: ") $\mathrm{f}=0$ <br> for $i$ in range( $n$ ) <br> $f^{*}=i$ <br> print(f) | 2 |
| 21 | Write a function, Words(S), that takes a string as an argument and returns a list containing words of the string that has vowels. <br> OR <br> Write a function SQUARE_LIST(L), where $L$ is the list of elements passed as argument to the function. The function returns another list named 'SList' that stores the Squares of all Non-Zero Elements of L. <br> For example: <br> If $L$ contains [9, 4, 0, 11, $0,6,0$ ] <br> The SList will have - $[81,16,121,36]$ | 2 |


|  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 22 | What will be the output of the following code ? ```t1= ['CS','IP','IT'] list1=t1 new_list = [] for i in list1: if t1.index(i) %2 !=0: new_list.append(t1.pop()) elif t1.index(i) //2 ==0: new_list.append(t1.insert(len(t1)-1,t1.pop())) print(new_list,list1,t1,sep='#')``` | 2 |
| 23 | (a) Write a Python statement to display alternate characters of a string, named my_exam. For example, <br> if my_exam="Russia Ukraine" <br> The statement should display "Rsi kan" <br> (b) Write the output of the code given below: ```d1 = {"name": "Aman", "age": 26} d2 = d1.pop('name') print(d1, d2)``` | 2 |
| 24 | Write the SQL statement to add a field Country_Code (of type Integer) to the table Countries with the following fields. Country_id, Country_name, Continent, Region_id. Thereafter write a command to insert the following record to the table. <br> C001, China, Asia, R123, 423 OR <br> A table, SPORTSTARS has been created in a database with the following fields: Admn_No, Name, DOB, Sport, Medals, Class. Give the SQL command to delete the column Class from this table. Also write a command to make the Admn_No the Primary key. | 2 |
| 25 | Find the output of the following Python code: ```a=5 def update(x): global a a+=5 if }x%2!=0\mathrm{ : a*=x*2``` else: $a / /=x$ | 2 |



|  | 3. SELECT DISTINCT CLASS FROM STUDENT; |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 28 | Write a method count_words_e() in Python to read the content of a text file and count the number of words ending with 'e' in the file. <br> Example: If the file content is as follows: <br> An apple a day keeps the doctor away. We all pray for everyone's safety. A marked difference will come in our country. <br> The count_words_e() function should display the output as: <br> No. of such words: 4 <br> OR <br> Assume that a text file named TEXT1.TXT already contains some text written into it, write a user defined function named vowelwords(),that reads the file TEXT1.TXT and create a new file named TEXT2.TXT , which shall contain only those words from the file TEXT1.TXT which does not start with an uppercase vowel(i.e. with 'A','E','I','O','U') <br> for example <br> if the file TEXT1.TXT contains <br> Carry Umbrella and Overcoat When it Rains <br> then the file TEXT2.TXT shall contain <br> Carry and when it Rains. |  |  |  | 3 |
| 29 | Consider the table Purchase given below: <br> Table : PURCHASE <br> Based on the given table, write SQL queries for the following: <br> 1. Increase the quantity by $3 \%$ for all purchase in CHANDIGARH. <br> 2. Display name, city and date of purchase of all purchases of names that contain the letter ' H '. <br> 3. Delete the records of all purchase in NEW DELHI. |  |  |  | 3 |
| 30 | A nested list contains the data of visitors in a museum. Each of the inner lists contains the following data of a visitor: <br> [V_no (int), Date (string), Name (string), Gender (String M/F), Age (int)] |  |  |  | 3 |


|  | Write the following user defined functions to perform given operations on the stack named "status": <br> (i) Push_element(Visitors) - To Push Gender of visitors who are in the age range of 15 to 20. <br> (ii) Pop_element( ) - To Pop the objects from the stack and count the display the number of Male and Female entries in the stack. Also, display "Done" when there are no elements in the stack. <br> For example: If the list Visitors contains: <br> [['305', "10/11/2022", "Geeta", "F", 35], <br> ['306', "10/11/2022", "Arham", "M", 15], <br> ['307', "11/11/2022", "David", "M", 18], <br> ['308', "11/11/2022", "Madhuri", "F", 17]] <br> The stack should contain <br> M <br> M <br> F <br> The output should be: <br> Done <br> Female: 1 <br> Male: 2 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | SECTION D |  |
| 31 | Write SQL commands for the queries (i) - (iv) based on the two tables TAXITYPE and TRAVEL <br> TABLE: TAXITYPE <br> TABLE: TRAVEL | 4 |


|  | CNO <br> 101 <br> 102 <br> 105 <br> 103 <br> 107 <br> 104 <br> i. <br> ii. <br> iii. <br> iv. | CNAME <br> Randeep <br> Sharad Bali <br> Sangeeta M <br> Manish Nagpal <br> Veronica <br> Dinesh Hoon <br> Display cname Display the aver ERTIGA types. Display the cnan of KM. <br> Display the deta | TRAVELDATE <br> $2018-11-07$ <br> $2018-12-21$ <br> $2019-04-25$ <br> $2019-01-29$ <br> $2019-03-12$ <br> $2019-10-28$ <br> ttype from the age Km and grea <br> e, KM and NOP <br> is of all travels w | KM <br> 200 <br> 120 <br> 450 <br> 280 <br> 365 <br> 290 | TCODE <br> T01 <br> T04 <br> T01 <br> T04 <br> T05 <br> ype and trav <br> in the de <br> e after 20 | NOP <br> 12 <br> 4 <br> 15 <br> 5 <br> 2 <br> 4 <br> I. <br> $A N$ and $A C$ nding order $05-10$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 32 | A csv fil prodno of the p Write a function <br> (i) <br> (ii) | product.csv con prodname and pri pduct . <br> rogram in Python <br> ADD_PROD() - <br> csv file named ' <br> DISPLAY_PRO <br> more than 100 <br> file named 'prod | ains records of the ice to store the prod <br> that defines and <br> To accept and a roduct.csv'. <br> () - To display nd productname uct.csv'. | llow nt n s th nform <br> ils of ting | tructure: roduct na owing us <br> n about <br> ducts havi 'P', pres | and price <br> efined <br> oduct into a <br> price <br> in the CSV | 4 |
|  |  |  | SECTIO |  |  |  |  |
| 33 | "Knowle its web- <br> Distance | ge Share" an NG ased activities. <br> between above | $O$ is planning to The campus has four <br> NITs are given | $p$ its (04) $\qquad$ <br> INING <br> UNIT $\qquad$ <br> - <br> RCE <br> T $\qquad$ <br> as u | campus TS as sh <br> r: | Nagpur for below: | $1 * 5=5$ |


|  | UNIT - 1 UNIT - 2 DISTANCE (In meters) <br> ADMIN TRAINING 60 <br> ADMIN RESOURCE 120 <br> ADMIN FINANCE 100 <br> FINANCE TRAINING 65 <br> FINANCE RESOURCE 40 <br> TRAINING RESOURCE 50 <br> Number of Computers in various units are: <br> a) Suggest an ideal cable layout for connecting the above UNITs and which topology it is? <br> b) Suggest the most suitable place (i.e., UNIT) to install the server for the above NGO. Also, provide a suitable reason. <br> c) Is there a requirement of a repeater in the given cable layout? Why/ Why not? <br> d) NGO is planning to connect its Regional Office at Kota, Rajasthan. Which out of the following wireless communication, will you suggest for a highspeed connectivity? <br> (a) radiowave <br> (b) infrared wave <br> (c) Satellite. <br> e) Which network device is used to connect the computers in all UNITs? |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 34 | i. Write the difference between append (a) and write (w) mode in a text file. <br> ii. A binary file named "EMP.DAT" has some records of the structure [EmpNo, EmpName, Post, Salary]. <br> Write a user-defined function named SumSalary(Post) that will accept the post of employee an argument \& read the contents of EMP.DAT and calculate the total salary of all employees of that Post. <br> OR <br> i. Give one difference between seek() and tell() functions in file handling. <br> ii. A binary file "TEST.DAT" has some records of the [Testld, Subject, MaxMarks, ScoredMarks]. Write a function in python named DisplayAvgMarks(Sub) that will accept a subject as an argument and read the contents of TEST.DAT. The function will calculate \& display the Average of the ScoredMarks of the subject accepted as an argument. | $\begin{gathered} 2+3= \\ 5 \end{gathered}$ |


| 35 | i. Define primary key and alternate key with examples. <br> ii. Reena wants to write a program in Python that reads and fetches all the records from Mysql table EMP having salary more than 25000. <br> empno - integer, <br> ename- string and salary-integer. <br> Note the following to establish connectivity between Python and MYSQL: <br> - Username is root <br> - Password is tiger <br> - The table exists in a MYSQL database named company. <br> OR <br> i. Differentiate between DDL and DML commands in SQL <br> ii. Write a Python code that inserts the following record in the MySQL table Emp: <br> EmpNo - integer <br> EName - string <br> Desig - string <br> Salary - integer <br> Note the following to establish connectivity between Python and MySQL: <br> - Username is admin <br> - Password is 22admin66 <br> - The table exists in a MySQL database named company. <br> - The details (EmpNo, EName, Desig and Salary) are to be accepted from the user. | $\begin{gathered} 1+4= \\ 5 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |

