

INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR

Class: XII Business Studies	Department: Commerce
Worksheet No: 2	Topic: Controlling
A. Fill in the blanks1. No corrective action is needed when	are within acceptable limits.
2. Planning withoutis meaningless.	
3. Controlling takes place on the basis of	ofdeveloped by planning.
5. Deviations refers to difference betwe performance.	rding the reasons for mismatch between
B. True or False	
 7. Controlling is keeping check that even 8. Controlling does not highlight the de 9. Controlling cannot be used to improve 10. Controlling guides the organization 11. Controlling directs the activities are of organizational goals. 12. Corrective actions are necessary after 13. Controlling does not facilitate coord 14. Judging accuracy is one of the important 	eviations in the process. We the performance of the employees. In to keep everything on right track. In the deviation of all towards the accomplishment or analyzing the deviations. In the performance of the employees. In the performance of the employees.
 C. Choose the correct answer 12. Which of following is the function pays a) Staffing b) Organizing c) Planning d) Directing 	prerequisite for controlling?
13. Measurement of employees' performal a) Increasing the market share of the co	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

b) Gross profit ratio
c) Return on investment
d) Performance report
 14. Management by Exception refers to a) Significant deviation which goes beyond the permissible limit should be brought to the notice of the management. b) Focuses on the key result areas. c) Comparison of actual performance with the standard. d) Measurement of Company's and its employees' performance.
15. This is one of the features of standards. Identify ita) Rigidb) Flexiblec) Staticd) Unbending
16. Which one of the following is not the step in the process of controlling? (U)a) Measurement of actual performance.b) Establishing reporting relationship.c) Setting performance standards.d) Taking corrective
17. Critical point control focuses on-a) Significant deviations onlyb) Key result areasc) Each and every activity in an organizationd) Attempts to control everything
D. CASE BASED QUESTIONS
18. Saurabh is working in an MNC. He has created an atmosphere of proper controlling in his department. In order to do so he keeps himself aware about any dishonest behavior and takes a stern action immediately. Recently he has installed

- est behavior and takes a stern action immediately. Recently he has installed CCTV cameras to keep vigil on the employees.
 - 1. In the above case which importance of controlling has been implemented by Saurabh?
 - 2. Name one more importance of controlling other than the above highlighted.
 - 3. Can you suggest one more way by which Saurabh could have implemented controlling?

- 19. Savita has been assigned the job of quantity controller. She knows this is a tough job but she also realises the importance of it. Her daily routine is to send alarm to the manufacturing department about the deviations in the number of units produced so that the target of the day could be achieved. This helps the whole department to focus towards its main plan of action. However one day she realises that the number of units which are to be produced is 500 which is very high and creates chaos at the shop floor. She discusses it with the management and the target is reduced to 450. This has helped the manufacturing department in maintaining quality of the work done. There are 10 workers at the shop floor where Savita does inspection. She divided the task into 45 units for each worker so that by the end of the day the target of the department is completed.
 - 1. Which benefits of controlling have been highlighted in the above case?
 - 2. Name one department where controlling should be applied in proper coordination

with the manufacturing department for proper quality control of the manufactured products.

- **20.** Adarsh is trying to reduce wastage of resources in his company. He is trying to do it in the best possible manner. He has set standards for performance of different types of activities and is doing his level best to perform according to these set standards to minimise wastage of resources. Things are not going to be over for him as he will have to look into other aspects too. He has set up a good monitoring system which helps him know how to employees ate performing according to set standards as when the employees meet these standards they will be given incentives. He is hoping to pull out a good performance from his team this year.
 - 1. Which function of management has been referred to in the above case?
 - 2. Which benefits of this function of management have been highlighted in the above case?
- 21. Identify the step of controlling process applicable in the following cases:

Esha is keenly observing the quantity of capsules produced in a pharmaceutical company. She realises that there is no need for any action to be taken as the deviations are within the acceptable limits. A day later when she comes to work she finds the situation opposite to that of the previous day. This time the deviation was beyond the acceptable range and needed immediate action. She called her subordinates and told them that this should not happen again.

1. Mahesh who is the owner of a company has decided to focus only on a few activities of his business. He considers that the rest of all activities are not critical to the performance of his company. One such area he finds is of

- labour. The labour cost recently went up by 4% sending signals of coming danger. Now he will put his efforts to control this variation by arranging labour at a cheaper rate.
- 2. In a company a manager is trying to find out the deviation between the actual number of fans produced and the desired number. He already knows about the standard as the company has assigned him a definite quantity of fans to be produced.
- 3. Manoj Khanna a senior experience manager is concerned about the 2% rise in the raw materials. However, he knows that this is an acceptable range. He tells his staff that if this rise goes beyond 2% it should be brought into the notice of management. Then he sets a limit of 5% when the management should give it the priority over other activities.
- 4. Virendra wants to ran his company in a different manner. He wants to set standards to be achieved in both qualitative as well as quantitative terms. He wants to judge the motivation, skill levels and satisfaction of the employees. Ail these things will require qualitative standards. On the other hand the company will have to set quantitative standards for the number of units produced.
- 5. Some employees have been assigned the job of judging the output of production in a neutral and reliable way. They are applying different techniques for achieving this aim. Some of these are personal observation, sample checking, etc. They are also keeping the units of measurement same to that of the units of set standards.
- **22.** Explain the relationship between Planning and Controlling.
- **23.** Define Management Audit.
- **24.** Why is controlling considered to be a backward looking?
- **25.** Name two types of profitability ratios?
- **26.** What do you call the sales volume at which there is no profit, No loss?
- **27.** Give 2 examples of Corrective Action.
- **28.** Give two examples of responsibility centers.
- 29. Marketing department comes under which type of responsibility center.
- **30.** Give the formula of Return on Investment.
- **31.** What do you understand by key KRAs result areas?
- **32.** Why planning is an empty exercise without controlling?
- **33.** Which two steps in the process of controlling are concerned with compelling events to conform to plan?