## INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS (2023-2024)

## INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS (2023-2024)

TOPIC: GEOMETRY
RESOURCE PERSON: Ms. Poonam Joshi NAME: $\qquad$ CLASS: V $\qquad$
$\qquad$ DATE: $\qquad$

Point: A Point shows an $\qquad$ in space.
$>$ It is represented by a $\qquad$ .
> We use the uppercase letter of the English alphabet to name a point.
> Example: Point A is shown as $\qquad$
Line: A Line is a collection of points that goes $\qquad$ in both directions.
$>$ It has $\qquad$ endpoints.
$>$ We name it by using any two points on it.
> Example: The line that passes through points $A$ and $B$ is called line $\qquad$ or line $\qquad$ . The symbol for a line is


Line Segment: A line segment is a part of a $\qquad$ .
$>$ It has $\qquad$ endpoints.
$>$ We can draw and measure the length of a line segment.
$>$ The symbol is
$>$ We name a Line Segment by using its $\qquad$ .
$>$ Example: Line Segment $\overline{\mathrm{PQ}}$ or line segment $\overline{\mathrm{QP}}$
$\overrightarrow{\mathbf{P}} \vec{Q}$
Ray: A Ray is a part of a line that goes endlessly in $\qquad$ direction.
$>A$ ray shows a direction. It has $\qquad$ endpoint. While naming it, we use the endpoint first.
> Example: Ray XY starts from X and goes towards Y endlessly. The symbol is $\qquad$


Note: Ray XY and Ray YX are not the same rays.
ISWK-Primary/Department of Mathematics (2023-2024)

TOPIC: GEOMETRY
WORKSHEET-1
RESOURCE PERSON: Ms. Ms. Poonam Joshi
NAME: $\qquad$ CLASS: V

SEC: $\qquad$ DATE: $\qquad$

Point: A Point shows an $\qquad$ in space.
$>$ It is represented by a $\qquad$ .
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> Example: Point A is shown as $\qquad$
Line: A Line is a collection of points that goes $\qquad$ in
both directions.
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$>$ We name it by using any two points on it.
$>$ Example: The line that passes through points $A$ and $B$ is called line $\qquad$ or line $\qquad$ . The symbol for a line is A
Line Segment: A line segment is part of a $\qquad$ .
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. We name a Line Segment by using its $\qquad$ .
$>$ Example: Line Segment $\overline{\mathrm{PQ}}$ or line segment $\overline{\mathrm{QP}}$
Ray: A Ray is $\stackrel{\vec{P} \text { part of a line that goes endlessly in }}{\text { a }}$ $\qquad$ direction.
> A ray shows a direction. It has $\qquad$ endpoint. While naming it, we use the endpoint first.
> Example: Ray XY starts from X and goes towards Y endlessly. The symbol is $\qquad$ $\stackrel{\bullet}{\boldsymbol{O}}$
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