# INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR <br> Revision Question Paper <br> Mid-term Examination (2023-24) <br> <br> Sub: MATHEMATICS 

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Date: 10-09-2023
Class: IX

Time: 3 hours
Maximum marks: 80

## General Instructions

1. This Question Paper has 5 Sections A-E.
2. Section A has 20 MCQs carrying 1 mark each
3. Section B has 5 questions carrying 02 marks each.
4. Section C has 6 questions carrying 03 marks each.
5. Section D has 4 questions carrying 05 marks each.
6. Section E has 3 case based integrated units of assessment ( 04 marks each) with sub-parts of the values of 1,1 and 2 marks each respectively.
7. All Questions are compulsory. However, an internal choice in 2 Questions of 5 marks, 2 Questions of 3 marks and 2 Questions of 2 marks has been provided.
An internal choice has been provided in the 2marks questions of Section E.

## SECTION A

Section A consists of $\mathbf{2 0}$ questions of $\mathbf{1}$ mark each.

| Q.1. | The simplest rationalizing factor of $\frac{1}{\sqrt{12}}$ is |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | A | $\sqrt{12}$ | B | $\sqrt{3}$ | C | $\sqrt{4}$ | D |


| Q.3. | The length of the sides of a triangle are $4 \mathrm{~cm}, 6 \mathrm{~cm}$ and 8 cm . The length of perpendicular from the opposite vertex to the side whose length is 8 cm , is equal to |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | A | $\frac{3}{4} \sqrt{15} \mathrm{~cm}$ | B | $\frac{5}{4} \sqrt{15} \mathrm{~cm}$ | C | $\frac{3}{4} \sqrt{5} \mathrm{~cm}$ | D | $\frac{5}{4} \sqrt{3} \mathrm{~cm}$ |
| Q.4. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | A | $15^{\circ}$ | B | $10^{\circ}$ | C | $19^{\circ}$ | D | $36^{\circ}$ |
| Q.5. | If $\sqrt{3}=1.732$, evaluate $\frac{1}{2}+\sqrt{3}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | A | 2.232 | B | 6.732 | C | 3.232 | D | 3.732 |
| Q.6. | The area of an equilateral triangle is $3 \sqrt{3} \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$. The semi-perimeter of the triangle (in cm ) is |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | A | $4 \sqrt{3} \mathrm{~cm}$ | B | $3 \sqrt{3} \mathrm{~cm}$ | C | $6 \sqrt{3} \mathrm{~cm}$ | D | $9 \sqrt{3} \mathrm{~cm}$ |
| Q.7. | If a number Y is greater than a number X and another number $\mathrm{Z}<0$, then |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | A | $\mathrm{X} \times \mathrm{Z}=\mathrm{Y} \times \mathrm{Z}$ | B | $\mathrm{X} \div \mathrm{Z}=\mathrm{Y} \div \mathrm{Z}$ | C | $\mathrm{X}-\mathrm{Z}=\mathrm{Y}$ | D | $\mathrm{X}+\mathrm{Z}=\mathrm{Y}$ |
| Q.8. | The value of $(\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{3})(\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{3})$ is |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | A | 5 | B | -1 | C | -5 | D | 1 |
| Q.9. | An angle is $18^{\circ}$ less than its complementary angle. The measure of this angle is |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | A | $36^{\circ}$ | B | $48^{\circ}$ | C | $83^{\circ}$ | D | $81^{\circ}$ |
| Q.10. | A point $(x+2, x+4)$ lies in the first quadrant, the mirror image of this point with respect to $x$-axis is $(5,-7)$. What is the value of $x$ ? |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | A | 1 | B | -1 | C | 2 | D | 3 |


| Q.11. | The value of $\sqrt[4]{(16)^{-2}}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | A | $\frac{1}{16}$ | B | $\frac{1}{4}$ | C | $\frac{1}{2}$ | D | 4 |
| Q.12. | A ___ may be drawn from any one point to any other point |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | A solid B |  |  | plane surface | C | straight line | D | None of these |
| Q.13. | If the supplement of an angle is three times its complement, then angle is |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | A | $40^{\circ}$ | B | $35^{\circ}$ | C | $50^{\circ}$ | D | $45^{\circ}$ |
| Q. 14. | If the point $\mathrm{A}(2,0), \mathrm{B}(-6,0)$ and $\mathrm{C}(3, \mathrm{a}-3)$ lie on x -axis, find the value of a . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | A | 2 | B | 3 | C | 6 | D | 0 |
| Q.15. | To draw a histogram to represent the following frequency distribution, the adjusted frequency for the class 25-45 is: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Class interval |  |  | 5-10 10-15 | 10-15 | 15-25 | 25-45 | 45-75 |
|  | Frequency |  |  | 6 12 |  | 10 | 8 | 15 |
|  | A | 2 | B | 3 | C | 5 | D | 6 |
| Q. 16. | A student is given three sticks of length $6 \mathrm{~cm}, 5 \mathrm{~cm}, 3 \mathrm{~cm}$ respectively. His friend asked him to make a triangle with the help of these sticks and find its area. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | A | $2 \sqrt{7} \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ | B | $7 \sqrt{14} \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ | C | $4 \sqrt{14} \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ | D | $2 \sqrt{14} \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ |
| Q.17. | If $x$ is the midpoint and 1 is the upper limit of a class in a continuous frequency distribution, then the lower limit of the class is |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | A | $\mathrm{x}-1$ | B | $3 \mathrm{x}+8$ | C | $2 \mathrm{x}+2$ | D | $2 \mathrm{x}-1$ |
| Q.18. | The point whose ordinate is 8 and lies on y-axis is |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | A | $(0,8)$ | B | $(8,0)$ | C | $(5,8)$ | D | $(8,5)$ |


|  | DIRECTION: In question numbers 19 and 20, a statement of Assertion (A) is followed by statement of Reason (R). Choose the correct option <br> a) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is the correct explanation of Assertion (A) <br> (b) Both Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are true and Reason (R) is not the correct explanation of Assertion (A) <br> (c) Assertion (A) is true but reason (R) is false. <br> (d) Assertion (A) is false but reason (R) is true. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Q. 19. | Statement A (Assertion): The height of the triangle is 18 cm and its area is $72 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$. Its base is 8 cm Statement $\boldsymbol{R}$ (Reason): Area of a triangle $=\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{x}$ base x height |
| Q. 20. | Statement $\boldsymbol{A}$ (Assertion): 7 is a rational number <br> Statement $\boldsymbol{R}$ (Reason): The square root of a rational number is irrational. |
|  | SECTION B |
|  | Section B consists of 5 questions of 2 marks each. |
| Q.21. | Show that $2.2 \overline{18}$ can be expressed in the form $\frac{p}{q}$, where p and q are integers and $\mathrm{q} \neq 0$ <br> OR <br> Find the value of $\frac{4}{216^{\frac{-2}{3}}}-\frac{1}{256^{\frac{-3}{4}}}$ |
| Q.22. | Find the area of a triangle whose perimeter is 180 cm and its two sides are 80 cm and 18 cm . Calculate the altitude of the triangle corresponding to its shortest side. |
| Q.23. | State any two Euclid's (i) axioms (ii) postulates |
| Q. 24 | In the given figure $A B \\| C D$. Find the value of $x$. |


|  | OR <br> In the figure $\mathrm{AB} \\| \mathrm{CD}$ find the value of $\mathrm{z}, \angle \mathrm{DNM}$ and $\angle \mathrm{CNM}$. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Q.25. | Plot the points $(-3,0),(5,0),(0,4)$ on Cartesian plane. Name the figure formed by joining these points and find its area. |
|  | SECTION C |
|  | Section $\mathbf{C}$ consists of 6 questions of 3 marks each. |
| Q.26. | In the given figure, $\angle 1=\angle 2$ and $\angle 3=\angle 4$. Show that $\angle \mathrm{ABC}=\angle \mathrm{DBC}$. State the Euclid's axiom used. |
| Q.27. | Represent $\sqrt{8.2}$ geometrically on the number line. <br> OR <br> Represent $\sqrt{3}$ on the number line. |
| Q.28. | In which quadrant or on which axis do each of the following points lie? P (9,0), Q (-5, -5), R (4,3), S (-2,4), T (8, -6), U (0,6) |
| Q.29. | Prove that if two lines intersect each other, then the vertically opposite angles are equal. <br> OR <br> If a transversal intersects two lines such that the bisectors of a pair of corresponding angles are parallel, then prove that the two lines are parallel. |



| Q.34. | From the given figure, write <br> a) the coordinates of the points B and F . <br> b) the point identified by the coordinates $(1,1)$ <br> c) the abscissa of the points D and H . <br> d) the ordinates of the points A and C . <br> e) the perpendicular distance of the point G from the x -axis. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Q.35. | (i) In the figure, if $\mathrm{AB} A B \\| C F$ and $C D \\| F E$, then find the value of x . <br> (ii) In the figure, $\mathrm{AB} \\| \mathrm{CD}, \mathrm{EF} \perp \mathrm{CD}$ and $\angle \mathrm{GFC}=130^{\circ}$. Find $\mathrm{x}, \mathrm{y}$ and z . |




|  | (i) | Name three points which are collinear. | 1 m |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | (ii) | Name a pair of adjacent complementary angles. | 1 m |
| (iii) | Find the measure of $\angle$ CLA. | 2 m |  |
| OR | Find the measure of reflex angle DLY. |  |  |


| Answers |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Q. 1 | B | Q. 2 | A | Q. 3 | A | Q. 4 | A |
| Q. 5 | A | Q. 6 | B | Q. 7 | C | Q. 8 | B |
| Q. 9 | A | Q. 10 | D | Q. 11 | B | Q. 12 | C |
| Q. 13 | D | Q. 14 | B | Q. 15 | A | Q. 16 | D |
| Q. 17 | D | Q. 18 | A | Q. 19 | a | Q. 20 | c |
| Q. 21 | $\frac{122}{55}$ OR 80 | Q. 22 | $720 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}, 80 \mathrm{~cm}$ | Q. 24 | $\begin{gathered} 60^{\circ} \text { OR } \\ 55^{\circ}, 123^{\circ}, 57^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ | Q. 25 | Triangle, 16 square units |
| Q. 28 | $\begin{gathered} \text { X-axis, III } \\ \text { Quadrant, I, II, IV, } \\ \text { Y-axis } \end{gathered}$ | Q. 30 | 16 | Q. 32 | 5 OR 1 | Q. 34 | a) $(-5,-4)(6,0)$ <br> b) D c) 1,0 <br> d) $1,-2$ e) 4 units |
| Q. 35 | $\begin{gathered} \text { (i) } 75^{\circ} \text { (ii) } 150^{\circ} \text {, } \\ 50^{\circ}, 40^{\circ} \end{gathered}$ | Q. 36 | (i) $24 m^{2}$ <br> (ii) $3696 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$ <br> (iii) $3024 \mathrm{~m}^{2}$ <br> OR No | Q. 37 | (i) $(4,1)$ <br> (ii) $(7,1)$ <br> (iii) 3 km OR 4 km | Q. 38 | (i) $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{L}, \mathrm{B}$ <br> (ii) $\angle \mathrm{XLB}, \angle \mathrm{BLD}$ <br> (iii) $57^{\circ}$ OR $117^{\circ}$ |

