

INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR

REVISION FOR MIDTERM EXAMINATION									
NAME :			22 – 2023	DATE: .09.202	2				
CLASS : IV SEC : ROLL NO:			JECT : EVS	TOTAL MARKS: 30 TIME: 2 HOURS					
General In	structions:								
Marks	paper consists of 3 s are indicated aga lestions are compu	inst each question	-						
I. C	hoose and circle	<u>SECTIC</u> the correct answ		(5	5 marks)				
1.	The portion of th	e tooth seen abov	e the gum is called t	he	·				
	a) root	b) crown	c) pulp	d) nerves					
2.	We have	S6	ense organs.						
	a) five	b) four	c) three	d) six					
3.	The	keeps its b	oeak open while it fli	es so that tiny insects f	lying in				
	the air get stuck in its mouth.								
	a) hoopoe	b) sunbird	c) swallow	d) woodpecker					
4.	When water vapo formed.	our condenses on o	cold objects like gras	ss in the fields,	is				
	a) cloud	b) dew	c) fog	d) frost					
5.	The skin on our _		is the thin	nest.					
	a) nose	b) chin	c) forehead	d) eyelids					
6.	are used in places where electricity is not available.								
	a) wells	b) tube wells	c) dams	d) hand – pumps					
7.	The hardest material in the human body is the								
	a) enamel	b) dentine	c) bone	d) pulp					

a) condensa	tion b) eva	poration	c) warming	d) cooling	
9. Birds that hold	the branch of the t	tree very fir	mly to rest or slee	o at night with	
		-		-	
	b) prey		c) perching	d) wading	
10. The largest bo	dy of water on the	Earth is the		·	
a) seas	b) oceans	c) ri	vers d) la	akes	
Match the follow	wing.			(3	
COLUMN A			COLUMN B		
1. fog		a. br	a. broad and flat beak		
2. eyes		b. cr	b. cracking teeth		
3. skin		c. ur	c. underground water		
4. premolar		d. se	ense of touch or fe	el	
5. duck		e. se	e. sense of sight		
6. hand-pump		f. co	ndensation		
1				6	
	2 3 ollowing stateme			_ 0	
1. Flossing remov	es the food that ca	nnot be ren	noved by brushing	•	
2. Water evaporates faster when the exposed surface area is small					
3. Ducks and pelicans have webbed toes					
4. The brain helps	s us to know the sh	ape, size ar	nd colour of the ob	ject we are	
seeing					
5. A hoopoe has a	a strong, heavy and	l chisel shap	oed beak.		
5. Loud sounds d	amage the eardrum	າ			
7. Molars are pres	sent on either sides	of the incis	ors		

II.

IV. Circle the odd one out.

(2 marks)

- 1. eyes, ears, tongue, stomach
- 2. incisor, dentine, molar, canine
- 3. streams, wells, tube wells, hand-pumps
- 4. sparrow, peacock, hawk, finch

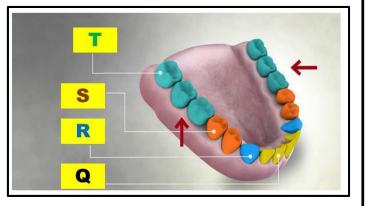
<u>SECTION – B</u>

V. Observe the given pictures and answer the questions that follow.

(12 marks)

Q.1. a. Identify the tooth labelled as T.

b. Describe the function of this kind of tooth.



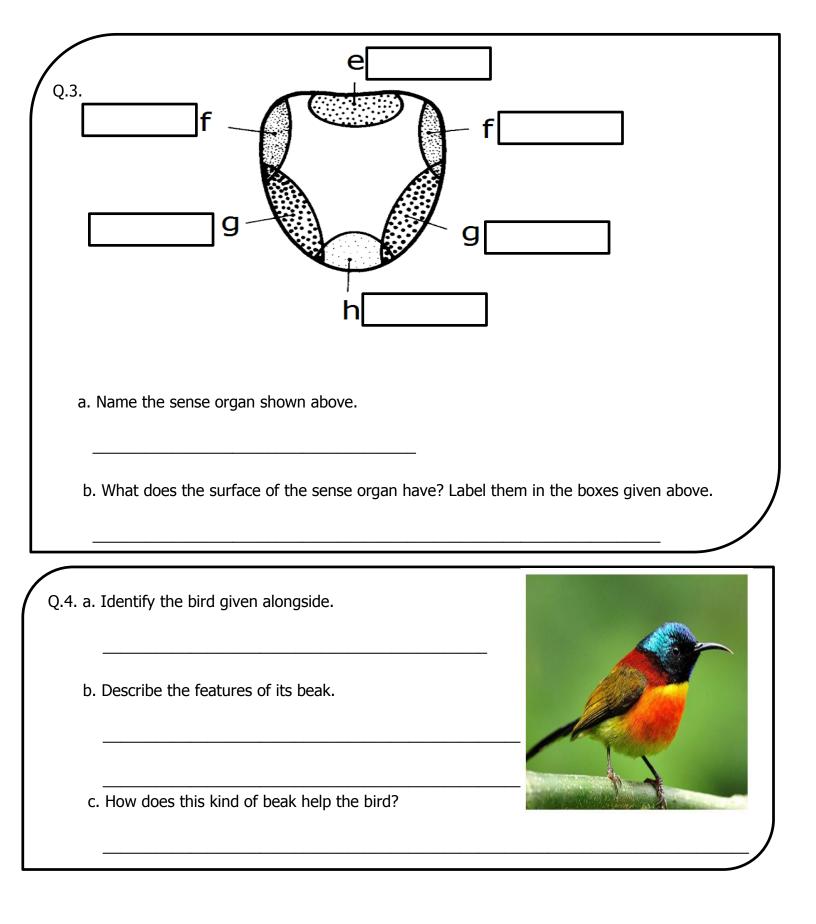
c. Name 2 food items that can be eaten with this kind of teeth.

Q.2. a. Name the picture given alongside.

b. Is it underground or surface water?

c. For what purpose is the water from it used?





Q.5.a.	The birds given alongside are grouped based on their
	claws as Group $\ensuremath{`Y'}\xspace$. What are the birds belonging to this
	group called?

b. State the features of the birds belonging to the Group 'Y'.

c. Name any 2 birds belonging to this group.

Q. 6.a. Name the outside white covering of the tooth.

b. Name the centre part of the tooth.

b. Describe the centre part of the tooth.











<u>SECTION – C</u>

VI. Answer the following questions.	(4 marks)
1. What are the effects of tooth decay?	
Ans	
2. Why does a cattle egret have a long, slender and pointed beak?	
Ans	
3. How can Tartar be removed?	
4. What purpose do the strong and sharp claws of eagles, vultures and owls serve?	